



## Weak nonleptonic hyperon decays in relativistic $\chi$ PT

N. Salone<sup>1</sup> S. Leupold<sup>2</sup> F. Alvarado<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>National Centre for Nuclear Research - NCBJ

<sup>2</sup>Uppsala U.

<sup>3</sup>Valencia U., IFIC

#### 11th International Workshop on Chiral Dynamics @ RUB

27 August 2024





UPPSALA UNIVERSITET



### Nonleptonic decays

Transition amplitude

$$\mathcal{M}(B_i \to B_f \pi) = G_F m_{\pi^+}^2 \bar{u}_f \left( A^{(S)} + A^{(P)} \gamma_5 \right) u_i$$

Dimensionless *l*-wave amplitudes

parity-violating: 
$$A^{(S)} \equiv S$$
  
parity-conserving:  $A^{(P)} \equiv \frac{|\vec{\mathbf{p}}_f|}{E_f + m_f} P$ 

Decay observables

$$\alpha = \frac{2\Re(S^*P)}{|S|^2 + |P|^2} \qquad \beta = \frac{2\Im(S^*P)}{|S|^2 + |P|^2} = \sqrt{1 - \alpha^2} \sin\phi$$
$$\Gamma = \operatorname{kin}(|\vec{\mathbf{p}}_f|, E_f, m_f)(|S|^2 + |P|^2)$$

## Motivation: new data landscape

nature physics https://doi.org/10.1038/s41567-019-0494-8

#### Polarization and entanglement in baryonantibaryon pair production in electron-positron annihilation

The BESIII Collaboration\*

#### [Nature Phys. 15, 631 (2019)]

Article Open Access Published: 01 June 2022

#### Probing CP symmetry and weak phases with entang double-strange baryons

#### The BESIII Collaboration

Nature 606, 64-69 (2022) Cite this article 11k Accesses | 7 Citations | 96 Altmetric | Metrics

#### [Nature 606, 6469 (2022)]



with Entangled  $\Lambda - \overline{\Lambda}$  Pairs

M. Ablikim et al. (BESIII Collaboration) Phys. Rev. Lett. 129 131801 - Published 22 September 2022

#### [PRL 129, 131801 (2022)]



# Subject of study



$$\begin{split} \sqrt{2}A(\Sigma^+ \to p\pi^0) - A(\Sigma^+ \to n\pi^+) + A(\Sigma^- \to n\pi^-) &= 0\\ A(\Lambda \to p\pi^-) + \sqrt{2}A(\Lambda \to n\pi^0) &= 0\\ A(\Xi^- \to \Lambda\pi^-) + \sqrt{2}A(\Xi^0 \to \Lambda\pi^0) &= 0 \end{split}$$

### Extrapolate data points

#### Next step

Use  $\alpha$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\Gamma$  data to extrapolate updated experimental *L*-wave amplitude values.

*L*-wave amplitude extraction: assuming *CP* conservation,  $\Delta I = 1/2$ 

$$L = \sum_{j} L_{j} \exp(i\delta_{j}^{L}), \ j \in \{2\Delta I, 2I\}$$

and final-interaction phase shifts [PRD105, 116022 (2022)]

	<b>q</b>   [MeV/c]	$\delta_1^S$ [°]	$\delta_3^S$ [°]	$\delta^P_1$ [°]	$\delta^P_3$ [°]
$\Lambda \to N\pi$	103	6.52(9)	-4.60(7)	-0.79(8)	-0.75(4)
$\Sigma \to N\pi$	190	9.98(23)	-10.70(13)	-0.04(33)	-3.27(15)

Relative sign between amplitudes fixed by Lee-Sugawara relation

$$\frac{3}{\sqrt{6}}A^{(S)}(\Sigma^- \to n\pi^-) + A^{(S)}(\Lambda \to p\pi^-) + 2A^{(S)}(\Xi^- \to \Lambda\pi^-) = 0$$

## Extrapolate data points

### Next step

Use  $\alpha$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\Gamma$  data to extrapolate updated experimental *L*-wave amplitude values.

New reference values extracted from current data compared to [NPB 375 (1992) 561-581]:



Previous values extracted on the assumption of real-valued amplitudes: updated to complex-valued *l*-waves on most recent data.

NI CIL	ALCIDI
N Salone	
IT. Datone	

### Framework

- At low-energy regime,  $\alpha_s$  too large for a perturbative description of hadron interactions from QCD.
- χPT: EFT with hadrons as DF parametrizes meson-baryon interactions [Physica A 96 (1979) 1-2, 327-340], [Annals Phys. 158 (1984) 142].

Weak nonleptonic hyperon decays previously studied in

Nuclear Physics B261 (1985) 185-198 © North-Holland Publishing Company

#### ON THE VALIDITY OF CHIRAL PERTURBATION THEORY FOR WEAK HYPERON DECAYS\*

J BIJNENS<sup>1</sup>, H SONODA and Mark B WISE<sup>2</sup>

California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91125, USA

Received 23 January 1985 (Revised 14 June 1985)

### Framework

- At low-energy regime,  $\alpha_s$  too large for a perturbative description of hadron interactions from QCD.
- χPT: EFT with hadrons as DF parametrizes meson-baryon interactions [Physica A 96 (1979) 1-2, 327-340], [Annals Phys. 158 (1984) 142].

Weak nonleptonic hyperon decays previously studied in



### Framework

- At low-energy regime,  $\alpha_s$  too large for a perturbative description of hadron interactions from QCD.
- χPT: EFT with hadrons as DF parametrizes meson-baryon interactions [Physica A 96 (1979) 1-2, 327-340], [Annals Phys. 158 (1984) 142].

Weak nonleptonic hyperon decays previously studied in



# Starting point

Computing 1-loop corrections using *Heavy-Baryon*  $\chi$ PT (nonrelativistic approach):

- Bijnens, Sonoda & Wise [NPB 261 (1985) 185-198]:
  - ▶ baryon decuplet fields not included; terms up to  $O(M_K^2 \log M_K)$ .
- Jenkins [NPB 375 (1992) 561-581]:
  - inclusion of decuplet, 3-meson vertex  $h_{\pi}$ ; terms up to  $O(M_K^2 \log M_K)$ .
- Borasoy & Holstein [EPJC 6 (1999) 85-107]
  - decuplet not included, 3-meson vertex  $h_{\pi}$ ; terms up to  $M_K^2(a + b \log M_K)$ .
- Abd El-Hady & Tandean [PRD 61, 114014 (2000)]:
  - same conclusions as 2, contradicting results in  $h_{\pi}$  terms.

# Starting point

Computing 1-loop corrections using *Heavy-Baryon*  $\chi$ PT (nonrelativistic approach):

- Bijnens, Sonoda & Wise [NPB 261 (1985) 185-198]:
  - ▶ baryon decuplet fields not included; terms up to  $O(M_K^2 \log M_K)$ .
- Inkins [NPB 375 (1992) 561-581]:
  - inclusion of decuplet, 3-meson vertex  $h_{\pi}$ ; terms up to  $O(M_K^2 \log M_K)$ .
- Borasoy & Holstein [EPJC 6 (1999) 85-107]
  - decuplet not included, 3-meson vertex  $h_{\pi}$ ; terms up to  $M_K^2(a + b \log M_K)$ .
- Abd El-Hady & Tandean [PRD 61, 114014 (2000)]:
  - same conclusions as 2, contradicting results in  $h_{\pi}$  terms.

### General conclusions

- LO chiral corrections to S-waves are in good agreement with experiment.
- Conversely, *P*-waves are not well-described.
- Results from simultaneous fitting are presumed unsatisfactory: yet unexplored.

# Relativistic $\chi$ PT and EOMS

- Dimensional regularization + modified minimal subtraction do not work for baryons;
- inclusion of baryon masses breaks power-counting for the loop diagrams.

#### Previous approach: HB $\chi$ PT Jenkins & Manohar [PLB 255 (1991) 558-562]

- Expansion of the Lagrangian in powers of  $1/m_B$  in the chiral limit.
- Power-counting is manifest, but Lorentz invariance is not.
- Issues with analyticity (reproducing the correct positions of poles).

#### Extended On-Mass-Shell ren. scheme Gegelia & Japaridze [PRD 60 (1999) 114038]

- Subtract the power-counting-violating terms, i.e. choosing appropriate renormalization conditions.
- Manifest Lorentz invariance: the standard approach for  $B\chi PT$  nowadays.

### Procedure

Compute 1-loop corrections from relativistic LO Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{\phi B}^{\mathrm{s}} + \mathcal{L}_{\phi B}^{\mathrm{w}}$$

 $\mathcal{L}_{\phi B}^{w} = h_{D} \operatorname{tr} \bar{B} \{ \xi^{\dagger} h \xi, B \} + h_{F} \operatorname{tr} \bar{B} [\xi^{\dagger} h \xi, B] + h_{C} \operatorname{tr} \bar{T}^{\mu} (\xi^{\dagger} h \xi) T_{\mu}$ 

E.g. S-wave contributions:



### Procedure

Inclusion of lower-lying  $\frac{1}{2}^{\pm}$  resonances [PRD 59, 094025 (1999)]

 $\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{res}}^{\mathrm{w}} \propto d^{*} \left[ \mathrm{tr}(\bar{R}^{+} \{\xi^{\dagger}h\xi, B\}) + \mathrm{tr}(\bar{B}\{\xi^{\dagger}h\xi, R^{+}\}) \right] + f^{*} \left[ \mathrm{tr}(\bar{R}^{+} [\xi^{\dagger}h\xi, B]) + \mathrm{tr}(\bar{B}[\xi^{\dagger}h\xi, R^{+}]) \right]$   $+ iw_{d} \left[ \mathrm{tr}(\bar{R}^{-} \{\xi^{\dagger}h\xi, B\}) - \mathrm{tr}(\bar{B}\{\xi^{\dagger}h\xi, R^{-}\}) \right] + iw_{f} \left[ \mathrm{tr}(\bar{R}^{-} [\xi^{\dagger}h\xi, B]) - \mathrm{tr}(\bar{B}[\xi^{\dagger}h\xi, R^{-}]) \right]$ 



The resulting amplitudes:

$$S_{\text{theory}}, P_{\text{theory}} = l.c.(h_{D,F,C}, w_{d,f}, d^*, f^*)$$

#### Goal

To fit L<sub>theory</sub> to L<sub>expt</sub> using least squares method to obtain LEC's values.

# Preliminary results - S-waves

LECs extracted from fit to *S*-waves only:



**LEC** 
$$[G_F m_{\pi}^2 \sqrt{2} f_{\pi}]$$
  
 $h_D$  -1/3 $h_F$   
 $h_F$  -0.233 ± 0.007  
 $h_C$  1.99 ± 0.04  
 $w_f$  4.63 ± 0.07  
 $w_d$  -14.72 ± 0.11

### EOMS + resonances

• Good agreement with experiment.

# Preliminary results - S-waves

#### LECs extracted from fit to *S*-waves only:



**LEC**  $[G_F m_{\pi}^2 \sqrt{2} f_{\pi}]$   $h_D$  -1/3 $h_F$   $h_F$  -0.233 ± 0.007  $h_C$  1.99 ± 0.04  $w_f$  4.63 ± 0.07  $w_d$  -14.72 ± 0.11

#### EOMS + resonances

- Good agreement with experiment.
- Corrections to LO  $\chi$ PT are large.

# Preliminary results - S-waves

#### LECs extracted from fit to *S*-waves only:



**LEC**  $[G_F m_\pi^2 \sqrt{2} f_\pi]$   $h_D$  -1/3 $h_F$   $h_F$  -0.233 ± 0.007  $h_C$  1.99 ± 0.04  $w_f$  4.63 ± 0.07  $w_d$  -14.72 ± 0.11

#### EOMS + resonances

- Good agreement with experiment.
- Corrections to LO  $\chi$ PT are large.
- The importance of resonances is confirmed.

# Preliminary results - P-waves

#### LECs extracted from fit to *P*-waves only:



**LEC** 
$$[G_F m_\pi^2 \sqrt{2} f_\pi]$$
  
 $h_D$   $-1/3h_F$   
 $h_F$   $0.221 \pm 0.002$   
 $h_C$   $0.095 \pm 0.003$   
 $d^*$   $1.61 \pm 0.04$   
 $f^*$   $-3.955 \pm 0.034$ 

#### EOMS + resonances

• Agreement with experiment better than in *S*-waves.

# Preliminary results - P-waves

#### LECs extracted from fit to *P*-waves only:



**LEC** 
$$[G_F m_\pi^2 \sqrt{2} f_\pi]$$
  
 $h_D$   $-1/3h_F$   
 $h_F$   $0.221 \pm 0.002$   
 $h_C$   $0.095 \pm 0.003$   
 $d^*$   $1.61 \pm 0.04$   
 $f^*$   $-3.955 \pm 0.034$ 

#### EOMS + resonances

- Agreement with experiment better than in *S*-waves.
- Similar relative size of resonance terms to tree-level.

### Preliminary results - Combining *S* and *P* LECs extracted from fit to **combined** *S*- and *P*-waves:



### **LEC** $[G_F m_\pi^2 \sqrt{2} f_\pi]$

 $0.186 \pm 0.002$ 

 $-0.136 \pm 0.008$ 

 $h_D$ 

 $h_F$ 

 $h_C$ 

$-0.192 \pm 0.004$	EOMS + resonance
0 10 6 0 0 0	

• LEC's size somewhat consistent with other results.

Vd	$-9.73 \pm 0.06$
Vf	$7.71\pm0.02$
$d^*$	$2.72\pm0.05$
$f^*$	$-2.83 \pm 0.04$

# Preliminary results - Combining S and P

LECs extracted from fit to combined S- and P-waves:



# **LEC** $[G_F m_\pi^2 \sqrt{2} f_\pi]$

$h_D$	$-0.192 \pm 0.004$
$h_F$	$0.186 \pm 0.002$
$h_C$	$-0.136 \pm 0.008$
$W_d$	$-9.73\pm0.06$
$W_f$	$7.71 \pm 0.02$
$d^*$	$2.72\pm0.05$
$f^*$	$-2.83\pm0.04$

#### EOMS + resonances

- LEC's size somewhat consistent with other results.
- Resonances dominate almost always over "true" loops.

# Preliminary results - Combining S and P

LECs extracted from fit to combined S- and P-waves:



### EOMS + resonances

- LEC's size somewhat consistent with other results.
- Resonances dominate almost always over "true" loops.
- *S* agreement with experiment slightly worse, *P* remains good.

 $-0.192 \pm 0.004$ 

 $0.186 \pm 0.002$ 

 $-0.136 \pm 0.008$ 

 $-9.73 \pm 0.06$ 

 $7.71 \pm 0.02$ 

 $2.72 \pm 0.05$ 

 $-2.83 \pm 0.04$ 

 $h_D$ 

 $h_F$ 

hc

Wa

 $W_f$ 

 $d^*$ 

 $f^*$ 

### LECs results



### Summary

- Hyperon nonleptonic decays were never studied in relativistic  $\chi$ PT: following previous attempts in HB $\chi$ PT and updated measurement of  $\Lambda$  decay asymmetry from BESIII.
- Established a limit to  $HB\chi PT$  from the full relativistic amplitude and resolved conflict between previous works (three-meson vertex terms, eventually neglected).
- Included resonance saturation terms at tree-level; they are the most relevant.
- Simultaneous fit to *S* and *P*-waves is performed: good agreement with experiment, loss of convergent behavior.
- Outlook: two-loops,  $\Lambda(1405)$  as hadron molecule state...

### Summary

- Hyperon nonleptonic decays were never studied in relativistic  $\chi$ PT: following previous attempts in HB $\chi$ PT and updated measurement of  $\Lambda$  decay asymmetry from BESIII.
- Established a limit to  $HB\chi PT$  from the full relativistic amplitude and resolved conflict between previous works (three-meson vertex terms, eventually neglected).
- Included resonance saturation terms at tree-level; they are the most relevant.
- Simultaneous fit to *S* and *P*-waves is performed: good agreement with experiment, loss of convergent behavior.
- Outlook: two-loops,  $\Lambda(1405)$  as hadron molecule state...

## Thank you!

### Relativistic chiral LO Lagrangian

Meson-baryon LO Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{\phi B}^{s} = i \operatorname{tr} \bar{B} \mathcal{D} B - m_{B} \operatorname{tr} \bar{B} B + D \operatorname{tr} \bar{B} \gamma^{\mu} \gamma_{5} \{A_{\mu}, B\} + F \operatorname{tr} \bar{B} \gamma^{\mu} \gamma_{5} [A_{\mu}, B] - i \bar{T}^{\mu} \mathcal{D} T_{\mu}$$
$$+ m_{T} \bar{T}^{\mu} T_{\mu} + C \left( \bar{T}^{\mu} A_{\mu} B + \bar{B} A_{\mu} T^{\mu} \right) + \mathcal{H} \bar{T}^{\mu} \gamma_{\nu} \gamma_{5} A^{\nu} T_{\mu} + \frac{f^{2}}{4} \operatorname{tr} \partial_{\mu} \Sigma \partial^{\mu} \Sigma^{\dagger}$$

Inclusion of  $\frac{1}{2}^{\mp}$  resonances [PRD59, 094025 (1999)]

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{RB}^{s} &= 2s_{d} \left[ \operatorname{tr}(\bar{R}\gamma_{\mu}\{A_{\mu}, B\}) - \operatorname{tr}(\bar{B}\gamma_{\mu}\{A_{\mu}, R\}) \right] \\ &+ 2s_{f} \left[ \operatorname{tr}(\bar{R}\gamma_{\mu}[A_{\mu}, B]) - \operatorname{tr}(\bar{B}\gamma_{\mu}[A_{\mu}, R]) \right] \\ \mathcal{L}_{B^{*}B}^{s} &= \frac{D^{*}}{2} \left[ \operatorname{tr}(\bar{B}^{*}\gamma_{\mu}\gamma_{5}\{A_{\mu}, B\}) + \operatorname{tr}(\bar{B}\gamma_{\mu}\gamma_{5}\{A_{\mu}, B^{*}\}) \right] \\ &+ \frac{F^{*}}{2} \left[ \operatorname{tr}(\bar{B}^{*}\gamma_{\mu}\gamma_{5}[A_{\mu}, B]) + \operatorname{tr}(\bar{B}\gamma_{\mu}\gamma_{5}[A_{\mu}, B^{*}]) \right] \\ V^{\mu} &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \xi \partial^{\mu}\xi^{\dagger} + \xi^{\dagger}\partial^{\mu}\xi \right), \quad A^{\mu} &= \frac{i}{2} \left( \xi \partial^{\mu}\xi^{\dagger} - \xi^{\dagger}\partial^{\mu}\xi \right) \\ &\xi &= \exp \frac{i\pi}{f}, \quad \Sigma &= \xi^{2} = \exp \frac{2i\pi}{f} \end{aligned}$$

## Previous work results - S-waves

#### LECs extracted from fit to *S*-waves only:



**LEC**  $[G_F m_\pi^2 \sqrt{2} f_\pi]$   $h_D$  -0.35 ± 0.09  $h_F$  0.86 ± 0.05  $h_C$  -0.36 ± 0.65

#### [NPB 375 (1992) 561-581]

• Good agreement with experiment.

### Previous work results - S-waves

#### LECs extracted from fit to *S*-waves only:



**LEC**  $[G_F m_\pi^2 \sqrt{2} f_\pi]$   $h_D$  -0.35 ± 0.09  $h_F$  0.86 ± 0.05  $h_C$  -0.36 ± 0.65

#### [NPB 375 (1992) 561-581]

- Good agreement with experiment.
- Decuplet contribution dominates over octet.

### Previous work results - S-waves

#### LECs extracted from fit to *S*-waves only:



**LEC**  $[G_F m_\pi^2 \sqrt{2} f_\pi]$   $h_D$  -0.35 ± 0.09  $h_F$  0.86 ± 0.05  $h_C$  -0.36 ± 0.65

#### [NPB 375 (1992) 561-581]

- Good agreement with experiment.
- Decuplet contribution dominates over octet.
- $h_C$  not well determined by 1-loop fit.

### Previous work results - P-waves

#### Using the LECs from S-wave fit:



 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{LEC} & [G_F m_\pi^2 \sqrt{2} f_\pi] \\ \hline h_D & -0.35 \pm 0.09 \\ h_F & 0.86 \pm 0.05 \\ h_C & -0.36 \pm 0.65 \end{array}$ 

#### [NPB 375 (1992) 561-581]

- P-waves are poorly described.
- Simultaneous fitting seems unfeasible.